

*revised
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(in binder)*

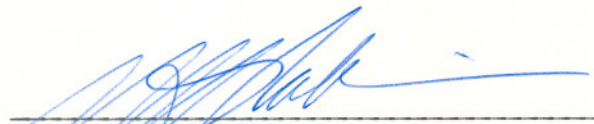
SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY
SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

Course Title: WILDLIFE SURVEYS
Code No.: FOR 312-5
Program: FISH AND WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
Semester: 6
Date: DECEMBER, 1983
Author: H.A. COOPER

New: _____ Revision: X

APPROVED:


Chairperson

_____ Date

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
WILDLIFE SURVEYS

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

WILDLIFE SURVEYS
COURSE NAME

FOR 312-5
COURSE NUMBER

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS:

A course aimed at getting students to understand and capable of performing various techniques essential for game & fish management. Topics include: Field note taking, Recording and retrieval; Literature searches; Food habit analysis; Habitat evaluation techniques; Population estimation and analysis; Criteria for sexing & ageing game and fish; Methods of capture, handling and marking wild animals; Evaluation of wildlife damage.

Prerequisite - FOR 301-4

METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

3 Term tests	- 50%
2 Laboratory (practical tests)	- 30%
A-V project (see attached)	- 10%
Lab reports, projects, abstracts	- 10%
	<u>100%</u>

GRADING:

Term tests	- A = 80% + B = 70-79% C = 60-69%
Lab tests	- A = 90% + B = 75-89% C = 65-74%

TEXTBOOK(S):

Schemnitz, S.S., 1980, Wildlife Management Techniques Manual, The Wildlife Society, Washington, D.C., 686 p.

READINGS:

Journal of Wildlife Management, 1966-1983, (LRC)

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
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<u>UNIT #</u>	<u>PERIODS</u>	<u>TOPIC DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u>
I	4	<u>INTRODUCTION AND PROBLEM SOLVING</u> - criteria of effective techniques - the scientific method and problem-solving - wildlife literature, field notes, and map preparation	Ch. 1,2,3,4,5,17
II	4	<u>NECROPSY PROCEDURE AND PHYSIOLOGICAL INDICATORS</u> - purposes and procedure for necropsy - wildlife indicators of health: - reproduction - nutritional - blood characteristics - stress indices	Ch. 7,8
III	4	<u>ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE FOR FOOD HABIT ANALYSIS</u> - uses of food habit info. - field techniques - laboratory procedure for mammals and birds	Ch. 9
IV	12	<u>HABITAT EVALUATION TECHNIQUES</u> - types of techniques - nutritional requirements and food analysis - food production, availability and utilization techniques - cover evaluation and energy requirements - wetland classification and analysis	Ch. 10,20
V	16	<u>POPULATION ANALYSIS AND ESTIMATION</u> - major methods of census and techniques including: - total counts - sample census such as strip census etc. - mark-recapture techniques - census indices - pellet group survey, etc. - use of harvest statistics	Ch. 14,15

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
WILDLIFE SURVEYS

<u>UNIT #</u>	<u>PERIODS</u>	<u>TOPIC DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REFERENCE</u>
VI	16	<u>CRITERIA OF SEX AND AGE</u> - rationale of learning sex and age criteria - sexing and ageing methods for fish, game birds, game and fur-bearing animals by histological and physiological criteria	Ch. 11
VII	12	<u>METHODS OF CAPTURING, HANDLING AND MARKING WILD ANIMALS</u> - methods of capture of animals and birds - live capture and kill capture - trap types and sets - use of drugs in capture and handling - marking of animals and birds - rationale - methods including mutilation, colouring, tagging	Ch. 6
VIII	4	<u>COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION OF BIOLOGICAL SPECIMENS</u> - use of correct preservatives - skin preparation and flesh retention - preparation of study skins	Ch. 32
IX	8	<u>EVALUATION OF WILDLIFE DAMAGE</u> - identifying predators or nuisance spp. by sign or damage - assessing wildlife damage - control of nuisance spp. by mechanical or chemical means	Ch. 22
X	6	<u>NEW TOOLS IN WILDLIFE RESEARCH</u> - modern technology and equipment - new techniques e.g. infra-red imagery new remote sensing equipment instrumentation radioisotopes	Ch. 18 p. 28-31 "Wildlife Conservation" p. 219

NOTE: All references refer to chapters in the recommended text, unless otherwise stated.

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
WILDLIFE SURVEYS

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES:

- Unit I - INTRODUCTION AND PROBLEM-SOLVING: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
1. Solve any typical wildlife management problem by a logical step-by-step sequence of investigation such as the scientific method.
 2. Be familiar with the methods of performing literature searches, making effective field notes, and preparing abstracts on wildlife investigational techniques.
- Unit II - NECROPSY PROCEDURES: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
1. Describe the major purposes for necropsy or post-mortem examinations.
 2. Perform a necropsy satisfactorily on an animal and/or a bird.
 3. Fully describe the physiological condition of the above specimen, referring to 4 types of physiological indicators of health.
- Unit III - FOOD HABIT ANALYSIS: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to:
1. Correctly state the values of food habit analysis.
 2. Describe field and laboratory procedures for food habit investigation.
- Unit IV- HABITAT EVALUATION TECHNIQUES: At the completion of this unit, the student must be able to satisfactorily:
1. Explain the nutritional requirements and food analysis breakdowns for any herbivore and/or carnivore.
 2. Describe and perform the following techniques, including calculations:
 - food production, availability and consumption for herbivores
 - energy budgets and cover evaluation
 - wetland classification and analysis

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
WILDLIFE SURVEYS

Unit V - POPULATION ANALYSIS AND ESTIMATION: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Explain the major types of census and their strengths and limitations.
2. Be able to describe the methods and perform the required field work and calculations for specific techniques under the following headings:
 - total counts
 - sample census
 - mark - recapture techniques
 - indices of populations

Unit VI - CRITERIA OF SEX AND AGE: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Explain the importances of knowing sex and age ratios.
2. Correctly sex and age the following species or groups:
 - all common waterfowl from specimen or wing
 - all common fur-bearers, big game animals, small game animals
 - all game birds
 - fish species

Unit VII - CAPTURE, HANDLING AND MARKING WILD ANIMALS: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Demonstrate the ability to live trap or kill trap, as required, the following groups of animals:
 - nuisance birds or mammals
 - fur-bearers
 - big game species
 - small game birds or mammals
2. Explain the relative merits and deficiencies of marking by mutilation, colouring, and tagging.

Unit VIII - COLLECTION AND PRESERVATION OF BIOLOGICAL SPECIMENS: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Use suitable preservatives for skin and flesh retention.
2. Prepare a suitable study skin for class use.

FISH & WILDLIFE TECHNOLOGY
FOR 312-5
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Unit IX - EVALUATION OF WILDLIFE DAMAGE: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Identify predators and nuisance spp. by their signs.
2. Assess and control damage done by these species.

Unit X - NEW TOOLS IN RESEARCH: At the completion of this unit, the student must satisfactorily:

1. Explain the uses and future of some of the new and innovative tools and techniques used in research and wildlife investigations.